1.3 Write Expressions

You evaluated expressions.

You will translate verbal phrases into expressions. So you can find a bicycling distance, as in Ex. 36.



Key Vocabulary

Before

Now

Why?

- verbal model
- rate
- unit rate



CC.9-12.A.SSE.1 Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.*

To translate verbal phrases into expressions, look for words that indicate mathematical operations.

KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

Translating Verbal Phrases

Operation	Verbal Phrase	Expression
Addition: sum, plus, total,	The sum of 2 and a number x	2 + x
more than, increased by	A number <i>n</i> plus 7	n + 7
Subtraction: difference, less than, minus,	The difference of a number <i>n</i> and 6	<i>n</i> – 6
decreased by	A number <i>y</i> minus 5	y-5
Multiplication: times,	12 times a number <i>y</i>	12 <i>y</i>
product, multiplied by, of	$\frac{1}{3}$ of a number <i>x</i>	$\frac{1}{3}x$
Division: quotient, divided by, divided into	The quotient of a number k and 2	$\frac{k}{2}$

Order is important when writing subtraction and division expressions. For instance, "the difference of a number *n* and 6" is written n - 6, *not* 6 - n, and "the quotient of a number *k* and 2" is written $\frac{k}{2}$, *not* $\frac{2}{k}$.

EXAMPLE 1 Translate verbal phrases into expressions

AVOID ERRORS

When you translate verbal phrases, the words "the quantity" tell you what to group. In part (a), you write 6n - 4, not (6 - 4)n.

Verbal Phrase Expression

- **a.** 4 less than the quantity 6 times a number n 6n-4
- **b.** 3 times the sum of 7 and a number y 3(7 + y)
- **c.** The difference of 22 and the square of a number m $22 m^2$

GUIDED PRACTICE for Example 1

1. Translate the phrase "the quotient when the quantity 10 plus a number *x* is divided by 2" into an expression.

EXAMPLE 2 Write an expression

CHOOSE A VARIABLE

To write an expression for a real-world problem, choose a letter that reminds you of the quantity represented, such as ℓ for length. **CUTTING A RIBBON** A piece of ribbon ℓ feet long is cut from a ribbon 8 feet long. Write an expression for the length (in feet) of the remaining piece.

Solution

Draw a diagram and use a specific case to help you write the expression.

Suppose the piece cut is 2 feet long.

Suppose the piece cut is ℓ feet long.

- 8 ft —



The remaining piece is (8-2) feet long.

The remaining piece is $(8 - \ell)$ feet long.

(8 − ℓ) ft −−−−ℓ ft −−

The expression $8 - \ell$ represents the length (in feet) of the remaining piece.

VERBAL MODEL A **verbal model** describes a real-world situation using words as labels and using math symbols to relate the words. You can replace the words with numbers and variables to create a *mathematical model*, such as an expression, for the real-world situation.

EXAMPLE 3 Use a verbal model to write an expression

TIPS You work with 5 other people at an ice cream stand. All the workers put their tips into a jar and share the amount in the jar equally at the end of the day. Write an expression for each person's share (in dollars) of the tips.

Solution



into an algebraic expression.

Let *a* represent the amount (in



An expression that represents each person's share (in dollars) is $\frac{a}{c}$.

GUIDED PRACTICE for Examples 2 and 3

dollars) in the jar.

- 2. **WHAT IF?** In Example 2, suppose that you cut the original ribbon into *p* pieces of equal length. Write an expression that represents the length (in feet) of each piece.
- **3. WHAT IF?** In Example 3, suppose that each of the 6 workers contributes an equal amount for an after-work celebration. Write an expression that represents the total amount (in dollars) contributed.

AVOID ERRORS

Read the statement of the problem carefully. The number of people sharing tips is 6. **RATES** A **rate** is a fraction that compares two quantities measured in different units. If the denominator of the fraction is 1 unit, the rate is called a **unit rate**.

EXAMPLE 4 Find a unit rate

READING

Per means "for each" or "for every" and can also be represented using the symbol /, as in mi/h.

A car travels 120 miles in 2 hours. Find the unit rate in feet per second.

120 miles	_ 120 miles	5280 feet	1 hour	1 minute	88 feet
2 hours	2 hours	1 mile	60 minutes	60 seconds	1 second

The unit rate is 88 feet per second.

EXAMPLE 5 Solve a multi-step problem

TRAINING For a training program, each day you run a given distance and then walk to cool down. One day you run 2 miles and then walk for 20 minutes at a rate of 0.1 mile per 100 seconds. What total distance do you cover?

Solution

STEP 1 Convert your walking rate to miles per minute.

0.1 mile	60 seconds _	6 miles	_ 0.06 mile
100 seconds	1 minute	100 minutes	1 minute



STEP 2 Write a verbal model and then an expression. Let *m* be the number of minutes you walk.



Use *unit analysis* to check that the expression 2 + 0.06m is reasonable.

miles + $\frac{\text{miles}}{\text{minute}} \cdot \frac{\text{minutes}}{\text{minutes}} = \text{miles} + \text{miles} = \text{miles}$

Because the units are miles, the expression is reasonable.

STEP 3 Evaluate the expression when m = 20.

2 + 0.06(20) = 3.2

> You cover a total distance of 3.2 miles.

GUIDED PRACTICE for Exa

- **E** for Examples 4 and 5
- **4. WHAT IF?** In Example 5, suppose tomorrow you run 3 miles and then walk for 15 minutes at a rate of 0.1 mile per 90 seconds. What total distance will you cover?

USE UNIT ANALYSIS You expect the answer

to be a distance in miles. You can use unit analysis, also called *dimensional analysis*, to check that the expression produces an answer in miles.





Skill Practice



COMPARING RATES In Exercises 28 and 29, tell which rate is greater.

- **28.** $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles in 2 minutes and 4 seconds, or $1\frac{3}{16}$ miles in 1 minute and 55 seconds
- 29. \$1.60 for 5 minutes, or \$19.50 for 1 hour
- **30. CHALLENGE** Look for a pattern in the expressions shown below. Use the pattern to write an expression for the sum of the whole numbers from 1 to *n*. Then find the sum of the whole numbers from 1 to 50.

$$1 + 2 = \frac{2 \cdot 3}{2} \qquad \qquad 1 + 2 + 3 = \frac{3 \cdot 4}{2} \qquad \qquad 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = \frac{4 \cdot 5}{2}$$

PROBLEM SOLVING

for Exs. 31–34

31. TICKET PRICES Tickets to a science museum cost \$19.95 each. There is a \$3 charge for each order no matter how many tickets are ordered. Write an expression for the cost (in dollars) of ordering tickets. Then find the total cost if you order 5 tickets.

32. FOSSIL FUELS Fossil fuels are produced by the decay of organic material over millions of years. To make one gallon of gas, it takes about 98 tons of organic material, roughly the amount of wheat that could be harvested in a 40 acre field. Write an expression for the amount (in tons) of organic material it takes to make *g* gallons of gas. How many tons would it take to make enough gas to fill a car's 20 gallon gas tank?

33. MULTI-STEP PROBLEM A 48 ounce container of juice costs \$2.64. A 64 ounce container of the same juice costs \$3.84.

- a. Find the cost per ounce of each container.
- b. Which size container costs less per ounce?
- **c.** You want to buy 192 ounces of juice. How much do you save using the container size from your answer to part (b)?
- **34.** \bigstar **OPEN-ENDED** *Describe* a real-world situation that can be modeled by the rate $\frac{30}{x}$ where *x* is a period of time (in hours). Identify the units for 30. Choose a value for *x* and find the unit rate.
- **35. WILDLIFE EDUCATION** A wildlife center presents a program about birds of prey. The center charges a basic fee of \$325 and an additional fee for each bird exhibited. If 5 birds are exhibited, the additional fee is \$125. What is the total cost if 7 birds are exhibited?
- **36. CYCLING** To prepare for a bicycling event, you warm up each day at a moderate pace and then you ride hard for a number of miles. One day, you warm up for 15 minutes at a rate of 0.1 mile per 25 seconds and then you ride hard for 12 miles. What total distance do you cover?



37. ★ EXTENDED RESPONSE A national survey determines the champion tree in a species. The champion is the tree with the greatest score, based on the tree's girth, its height, and its crown spread as shown.

A tree's score is the sum of the girth in inches, the

height in feet, and $\frac{1}{4}$ the crown spread in feet. The

data for three champion trees are given. Note that the girth is given in feet.



Species	Girth (ft)	Height (ft)	Crown spread (ft)
Narrowleaf cottonwood	12	97	24
Green ash	21.5	95	95
Green buttonwood	14.5	51	68

a. Write Write an expression for a tree's score.

- **b. Evaluate** Find the score for each tree in the table.
- **c. CHALLENGE** Let *n* be any number greater than 0. Which change would have the greatest effect on a tree's score, an increase of *n* feet in the girth, in the height, or in the crown spread? *Explain* your reasoning.

Quiz

Evaluate the expression.

1. $y + 10$ when $y = 43$	2. $15 - b$ when $b = 9$	3. t^2 when $t = 20$
4. $3n - 5$ when $n = 8$	5. $2y^2 - 1$ when $y = 5$	6. $\frac{3x-6}{8}$ when $x = 8$

Translate the verbal phrase into an expression.

- **7.** 7 less than a number y **8.** 5 more than a number t **9.** Twice a number k
- **10. CAMPING** The rental cost for a campsite is \$25 plus \$2 per person. Write an expression for the total cost. Then find the total cost for 5 people.