

LESSON
11.1**Study Guide***For use with the lesson "Find Probabilities and Odds"***GOAL Find sample spaces and probabilities.****Vocabulary**

A possible result of an experiment is an **outcome**.

An **event** is an outcome or a collection of outcomes, such as rolling an odd number.

The set of all possible outcomes is called a **sample space**.

The **probability of an event** is a measure of the likelihood, or chance, that the event will occur.

The **odds** of an event compare the number of favorable and unfavorable outcomes when all outcomes are equally likely.

EXAMPLE 1 Find a sample space

You toss 3 coins. How many possible outcomes are in the sample space? List the possible outcomes.

Solution

Use a tree diagram to find the outcomes in the sample space.

Coin toss 1

Heads

Tails

Coin toss 2

Heads

Tails

Heads

Tails

Coin toss 3

Heads

Tails

Heads

Tails

Heads

Tails

Heads

Tails

The sample space has 8 possible outcomes. They are listed below. (Heads, H; Tails, T)

HHH, HHT, HTH, HTT, THH, THT, TTH, TTT

Exercise for Example 1

1. A spinner has 5 congruent spaces numbered 1 through 5. You spin the spinner and toss a coin. Find the number of possible outcomes. Then list the possible outcomes.

LESSON
11.1**Study Guide** *continued*
*For use with the lesson "Find Probabilities and Odds"***EXAMPLE 2 Find a theoretical probability**

A bag contains numbered balls in red, blue, and yellow. The table below shows the numbers of each type of ball. A ball is selected at random. What is the probability that the ball selected is an odd numbered yellow ball?

	Red	Blue	Yellow
Even numbered	6	8	10
Odd numbered	11	7	8

Solution

There is a total of $6 + 8 + 10 + 11 + 7 + 8 = 50$ balls. So, there are 50 possible outcomes. Of all the balls, 8 are odd numbered and yellow. There are 8 possible favorable outcomes.

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\text{odd and yellow}) &= \frac{\text{Number of favorable outcomes}}{\text{Total number of outcomes}} \\
 &= \frac{\text{Number of odd, yellow balls}}{\text{Total number of balls}} \\
 &= \frac{8}{50} \\
 &= \frac{4}{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

Exercises for Example 2

In Exercises 2–4, use the table from Example 2 to find the probability.

- What is the probability that a randomly chosen ball is even and red?
- What is the probability that a randomly chosen ball is *not* odd and blue?
- What is the probability that a randomly chosen ball is odd?