

**LESSON
11.3****Challenge Practice***For use with the lesson "Find Probabilities Using Combinations"***In Exercises 1–7, simplify the expression.**

1. ${}_nC_1$

2. ${}_nC_n$

3. ${}_nC_2$

4. ${}_nC_{n-1}$

5. ${}_nC_{n-2}$

6. ${}_nC_0$

7. ${}_nC_3$

In Exercises 8–10, compute the given expression using the following fact.

$$2^n = {}_nC_0 + {}_nC_1 + {}_nC_2 + \cdots + {}_nC_{n-1} + {}_nC_n$$

8. ${}_{10}C_1 + {}_{10}C_2 + \cdots + {}_{10}C_{10}$

9. ${}_{15}C_2 + {}_{15}C_3 + \cdots + {}_{15}C_{15}$

10. ${}_nC_1 + {}_nC_2 + \cdots + {}_nC_n$

11. If ${}_{10}C_r = 252$, then what is r ?

12. If ${}_nC_r = 495$ and ${}_nP_r = 11,880$, then what are n and r ?

13. Show that ${}_nC_r = {}_nC_{n-r}$.

14. Show that ${}_nC_{r-1} + {}_nC_r = {}_{n+1}C_r$.