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CHAPTER

## Conditional Probabilities

The probability that an event $B$ will occur, given that another event $A$ has already occurred is called a conditional probability, and is written $P(B \mid A)$. The Venn diagram below illustrates the situation.


We can see that it is necessary to divide $P(A$ and $B)$ by $P(A)$ in order to find $P(B \mid A)$. The formula for conditional probability can also be derived from the formula for dependent events:
$P(A$ and $B)=P(A) \cdot P(B \mid A) \quad$ (probability of dependent events)
We want to solve this equation for $P(B \mid A)$, as this is the conditional probability. If we divide both sides of the equation by $P(A)$, we obtain this result:

## Conditional Probability

When two events $A$ and $B$ are dependent, then the probability of event $B$, given that event $A$ has already occurred is given by:

$$
P(B \mid A)=\frac{P(A \text { and } B)}{P(A)}
$$

## Find the conditional probability

At Franklin High School, 50\% of the student body is female. Also, $30 \%$ of the students ride a bicycle. What is the probability that a student rides a bicycle, given that she is female?

## Solution:

The Venn diagram below represents this situation.


Let $A$ represent the number of females at Franklin High School, and let $B$ represent the number of students who ride a bicycle to school. It follows that $P(A)=0.5$ and $P(A$ and $B)=0.3$. Substituting into the formula, we have the following result:
$P(B \mid A)=\frac{P(A \text { and } B)}{P(A)}=\frac{0.3}{0.5}=0.6$
So, the probability that a student rides a bicycle, given that she is female, is 0.6
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## ${ }_{11}$ <br> Conditional Probabilities <br> continued

## EXAMPLE2 Find the conditional probability

The local Weather Service office reports that there is a probability of 0.84 that it will rain on Saturday, and a probability of 0.77 that it will rain on Saturday and Sunday. What is the probability that it will rain on Sunday, given that it rained on Saturday?


Let $A$ represent rain on Saturday and $B$ represent rain on Sunday. It follows that $P(A)=0.84$ and $P(A$ and $B)=0.77$. Substituting into the formula, we have the following result:
$P(B \mid A)=\frac{P(A \text { and } B)}{P(A)}=\frac{0.77}{0.84} \approx 0.92$
The probability that it rains on Sunday, given that it rained on Saturday, is about 0.92.

The next example looks at another way to calculate a conditional probability.

## EXAMPLE 3 An alternate solution

The table below shows the number of $6^{\text {th }}, 7^{\text {th }}$, and $8^{\text {th }}$ grade boys and girls at Lincoln Middle School.

|  | $6^{\text {th }}$ grade | $7^{\text {th }}$ grade | $\mathbf{8}^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boys | 46 | 42 | 46 |
| Girls | 50 | 38 | 45 |

What is the probability that a student is a girl, given that the student is in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade?

## Solution:

Let $A$ represent the set of $8^{\text {th }}$ graders, and let $B$ represent the set of girls at Lincoln Middle School. It follows that $P(A)=\frac{91}{267}$ and $P(A$ and $B)=\frac{45}{267}$. Substituting into the formula, we have the following result:
$P(B \mid A)=\frac{P(A \text { and } B)}{P(A)}=\frac{45}{267} \div \frac{91}{267}=\frac{45}{91} \approx 0.49$
Because of the way the data is presented in this problem, we can calculate this result by dividing the number of $8^{\text {th }}$ grade girls (45) by the total number of $8^{\text {th }}$ graders (133).
So, the probability that a student is a girl, given that she is in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade is $\frac{45}{133}$ or about 0.34 .
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## Practice

1. The probability that it is Monday and that it is a School holiday is 0.01 .

The probability that it is Monday is 0.2 ( 1 out of 5 school days). What is the probability that it is a school holiday, given that it is Monday?
2. At Washington High School, $12 \%$ of the student body play sports and are in the school play and $48 \%$ play sports. What percent of students who play sports are in the school play?
3. In a certain city, $60 \%$ of the households have a television set and a DVD player and $90 \%$ of the households have a television set. What percent of households in the city have a DVD player, given that they have a television set?
4. Ms. Weller gave two tests so far this semester. The probability that a student passed the first and the second test is 0.85 and the probability that a student passed the first test is 0.9 . What is the probability that a student passed the second test, given that they passed the first test?

## The table below shows the number of ninth grade boys and girls who are on the soccer and tennis teams. Use the table to answer Exercises 5-8.

|  | Boys | Girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soccer | 18 | 12 |
| Tennis | 12 | 16 |

5. What is the probability that a student is on the soccer team, given that the student is a boy?
6. What is the probability that a student is on the tennis team, given that the student is a girl?
