# **4.5** Write Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

| Before | You used slope to determine whether lines are parallel.       |  |
|--------|---|--|
| Now    | You will write equations of parallel and perpendicular lines. |  |
| Why?   | So you can analyze growth rates, as in Ex. 33.                |  |

#### Key Vocabulary

- converse
- perpendicular lines

 conditional statement

**CC.9-12.F.LE.2** Construct linear and exponential functions, including arithmetic and geometric sequences, given a graph, a description of a relationship, or two inputoutput pairs (include reading these from a table).\* The **converse** of a conditional statement interchanges the hypothesis and conclusion. The converse of a true statement is not necessarily true.

You have learned that the statement "If two nonvertical lines have the same slope, then they are parallel" is true. Its converse is also true.

## **KEY CONCEPT**

For Your Notebook

#### **Parallel Lines**

- If two nonvertical lines in the same plane have the same slope, then they are parallel.
- If two nonvertical lines in the same plane are parallel, then they have the same slope.

# EXAMPLE 1 Write an equation of a parallel line

Write an equation of the line that passes through (-3, -5) and is parallel to the line y = 3x - 1.

#### Solution

- **STEP 1 Identify** the slope. The graph of the given equation has a slope of 3. So, the parallel line through (-3, -5) has a slope of 3.
- **STEP 2** Find the *y*-intercept. Use the slope and the given point.

|        | y = mx + b                                   | Write slope-intercept form.                              |
|--------|--|--|
|        | -5 = 3(-3) + b                               | Substitute 3 for $m_{i}$ –3 for $x_{i}$ and –5 for $y$ . |
|        | 4 = b  | Solve for <i>b</i> .                                     |
| STEP 3 | <b>Write</b> an equation. Use $y = mx + b$ . |  |

y = 3x + 4 Substitute 3 for *m* and 4 for *b*.

#### **GUIDED PRACTICE** for Example 1

1. Write an equation of the line that passes through (-2, 11) and is parallel to the line y = -x + 5.



You can check that your answer is reasonable by graphing both lines. **PERPENDICULAR LINES** Two lines in the same plane are **perpendicular** if they intersect to form a right angle. Horizontal and vertical lines are perpendicular to each other.

Compare the slopes of the perpendicular lines shown below.



#### **KEY CONCEPT**

#### For Your Notebook

#### **Perpendicular Lines**

- If two nonvertical lines in the same plane have slopes that are negative reciprocals, then the lines are perpendicular.
- If two nonvertical lines in the same plane are perpendicular, then their slopes are negative reciprocals.

#### EXAMPLE 2 **Determine whether lines are parallel or perpendicular**

Determine which lines, if any, are parallel or perpendicular.

Line *a*: y = 5x - 3**Line** *b*: x + 5y = 2Line *c*: -10y - 2x = 0

#### Solution

Find the slopes of the lines.

**Line** *a***:** The equation is in slope-intercept form. The slope is 5.

Write the equations for lines *b* and *c* in slope-intercept form.

Line b: 
$$x + 5y = 2$$
  
 $5y = -x + 2$   
 $y = -\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{2}{5}$   
Line c:  $-10y - 2x = 0$   
 $-10y = 2x$   
 $y = -\frac{1}{5}x$ 

Lines b and c have slopes of  $-\frac{1}{5}$ , so they are parallel. Line a has a slope of 5, the negative reciprocal of  $-\frac{1}{5}$ , so it is perpendicular to lines *b* and *c*.

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Example 2

2. Determine which lines, if any, are parallel or perpendicular. Line *a*: 2x + 6y = -3Line *c*: -1.5y + 4.5x = 6

Line *b*: y = 3x - 8

#### **USE FRACTIONS**

The product of a nonzero number *m* and its negative reciprocal is -1:  $m\left(-\frac{1}{m}\right) = -1.$ 

# **EXAMPLE 3** Determine whether lines are perpendicular

**STATE FLAG** The Arizona state flag is shown in a coordinate plane. Lines *a* and *b* appear to be perpendicular. Are they?

Line *a*: 12y = -7x + 42

**Line b:** 11y = 16x - 52

#### **Solution**

Find the slopes of the lines. Write the equations in slope-intercept form.

**Line** a: 12y = -7x + 42 **Line** b: 11y = 16x - 52

$$y = -\frac{7}{12}x + \frac{42}{12} \qquad \qquad y = \frac{16}{11}x - \frac{52}{11}$$

The slope of line *a* is  $-\frac{7}{12}$ . The slope of line *b* is  $\frac{16}{11}$ . The two slopes are not

negative reciprocals, so lines *a* and *b* are not perpendicular.

### **EXAMPLE 4** Write an equation of a perpendicular line

Write an equation of the line that passes through (4, -5) and is perpendicular to the line y = 2x + 3.

#### Solution

*STEP 1* Identify the slope. The graph of the given equation has a slope of 2. Because the slopes of perpendicular lines are negative reciprocals,

the slope of the perpendicular line through (4, -5) is  $-\frac{1}{2}$ .

*STEP 2* Find the *y*-intercept. Use the slope and the given point.

y = mx + b Write slope-intercept form.  $-5 = -\frac{1}{2}(4) + b$  Substitute  $-\frac{1}{2}$  for *m*, 4 for *x*, and -5 for *y*. -3 = b Solve for *b*.

*STEP 3* Write an equation.

y = mx + b Write slope-intercept form.

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$$
 Substitute  $-\frac{1}{2}$  for *m* and  $-3$  for *b*.

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Examples 3 and 4

**3.** Is line *a* perpendicular to line *b*? *Justify* your answer using slopes.

**Line** 
$$a: 2y + x = -12$$
 **Line**  $b: 2y = 3x - 8$ 

**4.** Write an equation of the line that passes through (4, 3) and is perpendicular to the line y = 4x - 7.



# 4.5 EXERCISES

HOMEWORK KEY



**27. ERROR ANALYSIS** *Describe* and correct the error in finding the *y*-intercept of the line that passes through

(2, 1) and is perpendicular to the line  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ .

**28.**  $\star$  **MULTIPLE CHOICE** Which equation represents the line that passes through (0, 0) and is parallel to the line passing through (2, 3) and (6, 1)?

(A) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$
 (B)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$  (C)  $y = -2x$  (D)  $y = 2x$ 

- **29. REASONING** Is the line through (4, 3) and (3, -1) perpendicular to the line through (-3, 3) and (1, 2)? *Justify* your answer using slopes.
- **30.**  $\star$  **OPEN-ENDED** Write equations of two lines that are parallel. Then write an equation of a line that is perpendicular to those lines.
- **31. CHALLENGE** Write a formula for the slope of a line that is perpendicular to the line through the points  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$ .



**35. SOFTBALL** A softball training academy charges students a monthly fee plus an initial registration fee. The total amounts paid by two students are given by the functions f(x) and g(x) where x is the numbers of months the students have been members of the academy. The graphs of f and g are parallel lines. Did the students pay different monthly fees or different registration fees? How do you know?



- 36. ★ EXTENDED RESPONSE If you are one of the first 100 people to join a new health club, you are charged a joining fee of \$49. Otherwise, you are charged a joining fee of \$149. The monthly membership cost is \$38.75.
  - **a.** Write an equation that gives the total cost (in dollars) of membership as a function of the number of months of membership if you are one of the first 100 members to join.
  - **b.** Write an equation that gives the total cost (in dollars) of membership as a function of the number of months of membership if you are *not* one of the first 100 members to join.
  - c. How are the graphs of these functions related? How do you know?
  - **d.** After 6 months, what is the difference in total cost for a person who paid \$149 to join and a person who paid \$49 to join? after 12 months?
- 37. CHALLENGE You and your friend have gift cards to a shopping mall. Your card has a value of \$50, and your friend's card has a value of \$30. If neither of you uses the cards, the value begins to decrease at a rate of \$2.50 per month after 6 months.
  - **a.** Write two equations, one that gives the value of your card and another that gives the value of your friend's card as functions of the number of months after 6 months of nonuse.
  - b. How are the graphs of these functions related? How do you know?
  - **c.** What are the *x*-intercepts of the graphs of the functions, and what do they mean in this situation?

