

LESSON
9.2

Study Guide

For use with the lesson "Graph $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ "

GOAL Graph general quadratic functions.

Vocabulary

For $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, the y -coordinate of the vertex is the **minimum value** of the function if $a > 0$ and the **maximum value** of the function if $a < 0$.

EXAMPLE 1 Find the axis of symmetry and the vertex

Consider the function $y = 3x^2 - 18x + 11$.

- Find the axis of symmetry of the graph of the function.
- Find the vertex of the graph of the function.

Solution

- For the function $y = 3x^2 - 18x + 11$, $a = 3$ and $b = -18$.

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{(-18)}{2(3)} = 3 \quad \text{Substitute 3 for } a \text{ and } -18 \text{ for } b. \\ \text{Then simplify.}$$

The axis of symmetry is $x = 3$.

- The x -coordinate of the vertex is $-\frac{b}{2a}$, or 3. To find the y -coordinate, substitute 3 for x in the function and find y .

$$y = 3(3)^2 - 18(3) + 11 = -16 \quad \text{Substitute 3 for } x. \text{ Then simplify.}$$

The vertex is $(3, -16)$.

EXAMPLE 2 Find the minimum or maximum value

Tell whether the function $f(x) = x^2 + 14x - 3$ has a *minimum value* or a *maximum value*. Then find the minimum or maximum value.

Solution

Because $a = 1$ and $1 > 0$, the parabola opens up and the function has a minimum value. To find the minimum value, find the vertex.

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{14}{2(1)} = -7 \quad \text{The } x\text{-coordinate is } -\frac{b}{2a}.$$

$$f(-7) = (-7)^2 + 14(-7) - 3 = -52 \quad \text{Substitute } -7 \text{ for } x. \text{ Then simplify.}$$

The minimum value of the function is $f(x) = -52$.

LESSON
9.2
Study Guide *continued*
 For use with the lesson "Graph $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ "

Exercises for Examples 1 and 2

Find the axis of symmetry and the vertex of the graph of the function.

1. $y = 5x^2 + 20x + 9$

2. $y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 - 4x - 19$

3. Tell whether the function
- $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 8x + 13$
- has a
- minimum value*
- or a
- maximum value*
- . Then find the minimum value or maximum value.

EXAMPLE 3 Graph $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Graph $y = \frac{1}{5}x^2 - 2x + 3$.

Solution

STEP 1 Determine whether the parabola opens up or down.
 Because $a > 0$, the parabola opens up.

STEP 2 Find and draw the axis of symmetry:

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{(-2)}{2\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)} = 5.$$

STEP 3 Find and plot the vertex.

The x -coordinate of the vertex is $-\frac{b}{2a}$,
 or 5. To find the y -coordinate, substitute
 5 for x in the function and simplify.

$$y = \frac{1}{5}(5)^2 - 2(5) + 3 = -2$$

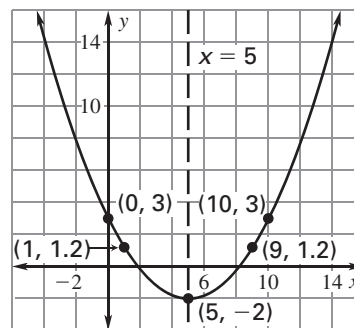
So, the vertex is $(5, -2)$.

STEP 4 Plot two points. Choose two x -values less than the x -coordinate of the vertex.
 Then find the corresponding y -values.

x	0	1
y	3	1.2

STEP 5 Reflect the points plotted in Step 4 in the axis of symmetry.

STEP 6 Draw a parabola through the plotted points.


Exercise for Example 3

4. Graph the function
- $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 7$
- . Label the vertex and axis of symmetry.