$\qquad$
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9.4

## Practice B

For use with the lesson "Use Square Roots to Solve Quadratic Equations"

## Solve the equation.

1. $6 x^{2}-24=0$
2. $8 x^{2}-128=0$
3. $x^{2}-13=23$
4. $3 x^{2}-60=87$
5. $2 x^{2}-33=17$
6. $5 x^{2}-200=205$
7. $4 x^{2}-125=-25$
8. $7 x^{2}-50=13$
9. $\frac{1}{2} x^{2}-\frac{1}{2}=0$

Solve the equation. Round the solutions to the nearest hundredth.
10. $x^{2}+15=23$
11. $x^{2}-16=-13$
12. $12-x^{2}=17$
13. $3 x^{2}-8=7$
14. $9-x^{2}=9$
15. $4+5 x^{2}=34$
16. $48=14+2 x^{2}$
17. $8 x^{2}=50$
18. $3 x^{2}+23=18$
19. $(x-3)^{2}=5$
20. $(x+2)^{2}=10$
21. $3(x-4)^{2}=18$

## Use the given area $\boldsymbol{A}$ of the circle to find the radius $\boldsymbol{r}$ or the diameter $\boldsymbol{d}$ of the circle. Round the answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

22. $A=169 \pi \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
23. $A=38 \pi$ in. $^{2}$
24. $A=45 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

25. Flower Seed A manufacturer is making a cylindrical can that will hold and dispense flower seeds through small holes in the top of the can. The manufacturer wants the can to have a volume of 42 cubic inches and be 6 inches tall. What should the diameter of the can be? (Hint: Use the formula for volume, $V=\pi r^{2} h$, where $V$ is the volume, $r$ is the radius, and $h$ is the height.) Round your answer to the nearest inch.
26. Stockpile You can find the diameter $D$ (in feet) of a conical pile of sand, dirt, etc. by using the formula $V=0.2618 h D^{2}$ where $h$ is the height of the pile (in feet) and $V$ is the volume of the pile (in cubic feet). Find the diameter of each stockpile in the table. Round your answers to the nearest foot.

| Stockpile | Height (ft) | Diameter (ft) | Volume $\left(\mathbf{f t}^{\mathbf{3}}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 10 | $?$ | 68 |
| B | 15 | $?$ | 230 |
| C | 20 | $?$ | 545 |

