

**SKILL**  
**73****Skills Readiness****Distance and Midpoint Formulas**

Distance Formula	Midpoint Formula
$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$	$M = \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$
<p>Example: Find the length of the segment with endpoints (4, 3) and (-1, 1). Let (4, 3) be <math>(x_1, y_1)</math> and (-1, 1) be <math>(x_2, y_2)</math>.</p> $d = \sqrt{(-1 - 4)^2 + (1 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{(-5)^2 + (-2)^2}$ $= \sqrt{25 + 4} = \sqrt{29}$	<p>Example: Find the midpoint of the segment with endpoints (4, 3) and (-1, 1). Let (4, 3) be <math>(x_1, y_1)</math> and (-1, 1) be <math>(x_2, y_2)</math>.</p> $M = \left( \frac{4 + (-1)}{2}, \frac{3 + 1}{2} \right) = \left( \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{2} \right) = \left( \frac{3}{2}, 2 \right)$

**Practice on Your Own**

Find the length and the midpoint of the segment with the given endpoints.

1. A(2, 3) and B(5, 7)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. C(1, -1) and D(3, 2)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3. E(-5, 7) and F(0, 2)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

4. G(2, -3) and H(-2, 5)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

5. J(-4, -4) and K(-2, 1)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

6. L(-4, -3) and M(0, 0)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

**Check**

Find the length and the midpoint of the segment with the given endpoints.

7. A(2, -1) and B(8, 7)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

8. C(0, 2) and D(5, -1)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

9. E(-2, -5) and F(1, -2)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

10. G(3, -6) and H(1, -2)

$$M = ( \quad , \quad ), d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$